

The Polish PII Redaction Checklist

PESEL · NIP · REGON · KRS — mask & verify before you share, the GDPR / RODO way.

1 · Mask the four Polish identifiers (whole value, every format)

- ☐ **PESEL = [PESEL]** — all 11 digits; the first six are the date of birth.
- ☐ **NIP = [NIP]** — a sole trader's NIP is personal data; check the name & address next to it. Formats: 5213051000 / 521-30-51-000 / 521 305 10 00.
- ☐ **REGON = [REGON]** — 9 or 14 digits (a rule tuned to one length misses the other).
- ☐ **KRS = [KRS]** — watch for board-member and partner names in the same entry.

2 · Mask the quasi-identifiers (they identify people too)

- ☐ Date of birth, postcode, town — a PESEL already encodes date of birth + sex.
- ☐ Job title, employer, department.
- ☐ Case numbers, customer numbers, file references.

3 · Catch inflected Polish names

- ☐ Same surname across all seven cases (Kowalski / Kowalskiego / Kowalskiemu / Kowalskim...).
- ☐ Names inside sentences, signatures, and case captions — not just the name field.

4 · Sweep the non-obvious places

- ☐ Metadata / document properties (author, company, last-saved-by).
- ☐ Headers, footers, and signature blocks.
- ☐ Scanned pages — run OCR first, or the text is invisible to masking.

5 · Verify before you share

- ☐ Re-scan the whole document, not just the part you edited.
- ☐ Read the leftovers: could a case number + employer + town single out one person?
- ☐ Tokens consistent — same original always maps to the same token.
- ☐ Reversibility decided on purpose: a key anywhere = pseudonymization (still personal data).

Full guide: heyamaze.com/blog/polish-pii-redaction-checklist · Amaze detects & masks these locally, on your own machine. This checklist is practical guidance, not legal advice.